

The role of social media
(Facebook)
for building resilience of
family carers

Resil4Care (RESILience FOR informal CAREgivers)





FACEBOOK SUPPORT GROUPS

4 Facebook support groups moderated by 4 organizations that support informal carers in Greece, Italy, Slovenia and Spain:

- Purpose: to support carers trough social media (identifying and addressing needs)
- Regular and thematically diverse posts.
 - Post formats: text, image, video, audio, etc.
 - Content of posts:
 - Educational/informative content.
 - 2. Practical/technical content.
 - 3. Stories/personal experiences.
 - 4. Taking care of one-self ("I'll take care of you, while taking care of me").
 - 5. Cultural content (suggestions for books, films, theatre performances, etc.)

RESIL4CARE MODEL

Parallel groups:

- Online support group for family carers on Facebook
- Core group (around 4 members): care professional, family carers
 - Monthly meetings of core group leaders
 - · Regular (2 times per month) meetings of core groups
 - Working with Worksheets following the same methodology
 - Task: preparation of Facebook posts

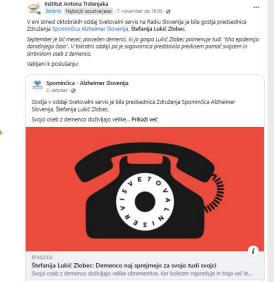




DELOVNI LIST 11: Skrb zase je pomembna - zame in za osebo, za katero skrbim

 Oglejte si spodnjo tabelo. Skupaj jo preberite in se ustavite pri vsaki človeški razsežnosti ter se pogovorite o tem, kaj konkretno že počnete (vsi člani osnovne skupine) zase. Vse vaše izkušnje zberite v desnem stolpcu.

ČLOVEŠKA RAZSEŽNOST	PREDLOGI ZA ZDRAVE NAVADE	KONKRETNI PRIMER. TEGA, KAR ŽE POČNEMO.
FIZIČNA (telo)	 Posistribite za difavo în uravnoteženo prehrano. V najveţiii noti, meri udriziţire desi ritem (pri tem vam lahko pomagejo vaskodnevne rutine). Redna telenan dejavnosti teberta (tito, si jo lahko izvajste în v kateri ulivate. Zagotovite si dovoli panja, redno telesno vadbo în sprostberne vaje. Legibişi pe sepretikim količinam nikotina, alkohola in 	
PSIHOLOŠKA (duševna)	Sprostite se in si vzemite čas za vsakodnevni mir. Odkrijte, kaj vam povzroča napetost, in bodite pozorni na svoje odčive. Pozabite na popolnost. Gojite svetle in pozitivne misli. Smelts sel.	
DUHOVNI (prepričanja in stvari, ki nas presegajo)	Zosat rečit Nr., kadar nečesa ne morete storiti, ne zmorete ali notete storiti. Ko se mujetev s vlaki situaciji, se vprašajte, ka je i lakto bilo ize slakibe. Vnisi sprejinite najslabili mochi scenarij, nato pa poskusite najti tihod. Nakatere stvat no septemenljive si niso odvisne od visa, ne glede na to, iska o zeo si to čletie. sprejimite okoličina, ki jih ne morete spremeniti. sprejemajte odločine, ki so ureaničljiva, sicer je bolje, da jih splohn se prejemajte.	
SOCIALNI (odnosi)	Prižgite lučko – poskušajte aktivno iskati pozitivno v drugih! Ne krivite drugih za svojo napetost. Gojite naklonjenost do vseh ljudi. Pogovorite se o svojih težavah. Izogloajte se koniktom z drugimi ljudmi. Uravnotežite delo, prosti čas in zabavo.	
(tisto, kar nas podpira in nam pomaga rasti)	Berite dobre knjige. Pri gledanju televizije bodite izbirčni.	
EKSISTENCIALNI (kaj nam daje smisel)	Polščite smisel v stvareh, ki jih počnete. Cenite, kar ste vi in vaši bližnji ustvarili in naredili dobro.	





SLOVENSKO ZDRUŽENJE

Družinski oskrbovalci

ečpredstavnostne vsebine Datot

Vizitk

kupina je namenjena družinskim oskrbovalcem, torej vojcem, prijateljem, sosedom in drugim, ki doma tedens i calo dravno skrbita za stanana. Prijadi sad

suranima posaninaja v postasi po antivaprasinini suranin

Tukaj je nekaj nasvetov, kako obvladati apatijo/ depresijo:

- Ohranite rední dnevní umík, ki vključuje veliko telesne dejavnosti čez dan in míren spanec
 ponoč. Vključna jih v dejavnosti, kot so hližna opravila, pri katerih se počužjo koristne, ali
 druge dejavnosti, kot je obisk prijatelja. Ljudem z apatijo in depresijo pogosto primanjkuje
 motivacije in pobude, zato jim pomagajte, da se lotijo naloge.
- Dejavnosti časovno prilagodite razpoloženju svoje ljubljene osebe čez dan. Morda bo ob doloženem času dneva bolj sodelovata in bila bolj pripravljena na določene dejavnosti, kot je na primer kopanie.
- Za sodelovanje uporabite pozitivne spodbude, na primer obisk priljubljene restavracije po obisku pri zdravniku.

Spremijajte prihodnje objave v skupini. Prihodnji teden bomo z vami delili naslednji posnetek, ki bo obravnavaj temo halucinacii.



MODIBECOM

Caregiver Training: Depression/Apathy | UCLA Alzheimer's and Dementia Care

https://www.facebook.com/groups/druzinskioskrbovalci

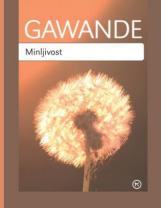


»Odkar smo prenovili kopalnico imamo vse – tuš, banjo in bide in to nam dane zelo prav pride. Ob prenovi 15 let nazoj smo imeli pravo slavnostno otvoritev nove kopalnice s šampanjcem in trakom! Pripravila sem kosilo, ki nas je čakalc na mizi, vnuki pa so me najprej »krstili« v novi banji. Vesela sem, da smo se takrat odločili za prenovo. Sedaj mi je veliko lažje, ko v kopalnici lahko bolj enostavno in varno uredim moža, pa tudi men pride prav.





PREDLOG ZA BRANJE



neformalni oskrbovalci



SOSEDJE

Ali veste?

V Sloveniji brezplačno in nekaj ur tedensko svoje znance in prijatelje oskrbuje več kot 20.000 sosedov, kar je visoko nad evropskim povprečjem.









IZBIRA PRIMERNEGA PRIPOMOČKA ZA HOJO









rolator?

fotografije: Soča oprema

družinski oskrbovalci IDEJE ZA SKUPNE PROSTOČASNE AKTIVNOSTI



VIRTUALNI OGLED MUZEJEV

RESULTS 1

- 4 Facebook groups:
 - Greece (closed group): 194 members, Italy (closed group): 127 members, Spain (closed group): 103 members, all with 80-120 posts
 - Slovenia (open group): 507 members (153 during the last year), 119 posts, 80 comments, 1149 reactions
- 12 core group leaders' meetings (learning methodology, exchange of good practices, of difficulties, common search of solutions)
- Around 24 core groups meetings in 4 countries (to learn, exchange, support each other and generate content)
- 4/4 groups leaders found the methodology and results useful for their organization and meaningful and useful for carers, due to working together with informal carers they feel they understand the needs of family carers and way to approach them better, they connected inside their core groups and they want to continue working with them
- 3/4 the meaning was recognized by organizations, and they plan to continue the work after the end of the project

RESULTS 2 - FOCUS GROUPS WITH MEMBERS OF

ORGANIZATIONS WHO HAVE CONTACT WITH FAMILY CARERS:

- Online support group was recognized as: "a good tool with which family caregivers could strengthen their knowledge, while at the same time taking good care of themselves"
- Main identified positive effect of online support groups was empowerment of family carers trough:
 - diverse information,
 - · quick access to information,
 - by addressing important topics
 - · construction of community and formation of platform for experience sharing,
 - reminder that self-care is important.

Positive aspects were also: being <u>a new option to reach</u> family carers, possibility of <u>anonymity</u>, <u>engagement tailored to the participant</u> (I take what I want, I respond to what and when I want), <u>good cost-benefit for organizations</u>, possibility to <u>bring closer and get feedback on professional work and knowledge</u>.

- Perceived barriers were: attitudes towards Facebook (and social media), danger of non-respectful or violent communication, lack of physical contact, not accessible to all, issue of trust.
- Almost half of focus group participants favored personal approach while supporting resilience of family carers (especially formal carers), nonetheless they perceived the benefits of this form of online support group for certain family carers, especially due to the growing dependence on and familiarity with digital solutions: "I find the idea very interesting, especially in this digital age. In our case, we would need to find out who in the health center is doing the most work in this area and we could introduce a support group like this for additional support."

RESULTS 3 - FOCUS GROUPS WITH MEMBERS OF ORGANIZATIONS WHO HAVE CONTACT WITH FAMILY CARERS

- participants discussed the participation in such groups and shared experience: "We already have such a support group in our organization. It is very welcome, but I notice that people are not very responsive. I regularly post various contributions in the group (supporting videos, informative materials) and I see that people notice them, but rarely does anyone comment or react otherwise. There is much more communication and interactivity between members of this support group when someone asks for advice or experience in person. That's when the debate develops more."
- trust, intimacy and safety issues were emphasized: "...it's important to maintain intimacy, trust. If people are embarrassed, it should be done in such a way that it is not seen. Then, over time, people open up."
- about the leadership of such group, people found it important, that people running such support groups have experience of care, participation of the professionals from the field was seen as an advantage: "I think it is very important that the person who runs the FB group also has the experience of providing care. It is important that he/she realizes that he is not the person giving professional advice, but only directing people to this advice and information. ...It is very good that the group is supported by an expert who can answer more professional questions. This person must be a skilled communicator, definitely with some additional knowledge, especially communication skills how to communicate with a difficult topic, how to communicate with people who have a lot of problems, anger, disappointment, sadness due to helplessness, because they want to help, but they can't."

ANTON TRSTENJAK INSTITUTE OF GERONTOLOGY AND INTERGENERATIONAL RELATIONS

- informal care in LTC framework
- informal care on local level (as part of AFCC program: understanding of local situation and possibilities for support)
- tele-care and its role in home and institutional environment and connection with carers
- relationship between informal and formal care (focusing on human resources aspects)
- informal care and knowledge transfer (training, courses, other forms)
 - abuse prevention in setting of informal care
 - understanding of informal care and carers in Slovenia

info@iat.si
ana.ramovs@iat.si



